

**MAT267 Quiz 11-9-23****Name: KEY**

Be neat. Submit to Canvas site by midnight on Nov 10th. One page PDF only.

1. Evaluate  $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ , where  $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle 6x^2y^5 + 3, 10x^3y^4 \rangle$ , and  $C$  is a line segment starting at (1,1) to (3,4), then another line segment from (3,4) to (5,2), then another line segment from (5,2) to (4,2).

[2.5 pts]

The vector field is conservative, and its potential function is  $f(x, y) = 2x^3y^5 + 3x$ . Thus, by the Fundamental Theorem of Line Integrals,

$$\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = [2x^3y^5 + 3x]_{(1,1)}^{(4,2)} = (2(4)^3(2)^5 + 3(4)) - (2(1)^3(1)^5 + 3(1)) = 4108 - 5 = 4103.$$

2. Evaluate  $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ , where  $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle 3y, x^2 \rangle$ , and  $C$  is a triangle traced from (0,0) to (3,0) to (3,6) back to (0,0).

[2.5 pts]

The vector field is not conservative, and  $C$  is a loop traced counterclockwise (positive orientation), so by Green's Theorem, we have an integrand of  $N_x - M_y = 2x - 3$ . The bounds are  $0 \leq y \leq 2x$  and  $0 \leq x \leq 3$ :

$$\text{Green's Theorem: } \int_0^3 \int_0^{2x} (2x - 3) dy dx.$$

$$\text{Inner Integral: } \int_0^{2x} (2x - 3) dy = [(2x - 3)y]_0^{2x} = (2x - 3)2x = 4x^2 - 6x.$$

$$\text{Outer Integral: } \int_0^3 (4x^2 - 6x) dx = \left[ \frac{4}{3}x^3 - 3x^2 \right]_0^3 = \frac{4}{3}(3)^3 - 3(3)^2 - 0 = 36 - 27 = 9.$$

3. Evaluate  $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ , where  $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle e^{2x} + 2y, 5x + \sqrt{y^2 + 1} \rangle$ , and  $C$  is a rectangle traced from (1,1) to (6,1) to (6,4) to (1,4) back to (1,1).

[2.5 pts]

The vector field is not conservative, so by Green's Theorem, the integrand is  $N_x - M_y = 5 - 2 = 3$ . The path  $C$  is a loop traced counterclockwise and is a rectangle of length 5 and width 3:

$$\text{Green's Theorem: } \iint_R 3 dA = 3 \iint_R dA = 3(\text{Area of } R) = 3(15) = 45.$$

4. Evaluate  $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ , where  $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle y^2, 2xy \rangle$ , and  $C$  is an ellipse with center (3,8), semi-major axis radius of 6, and semi-minor axis radius of  $\sqrt{7}$ .

[2.5 pts]

The vector field is conservative, the path is a closed loop, so the line integral is 0.